 4.2 Name (print first and last)	Per Date: <u>11/13 due 11/15</u> Geometry Regents 2013-2014 Ms. Lomac
 (2) Refer to your work in problem 1 to complete the tasks below. (a) Rotating a line 180° around a point that is NOT on the line resul (b) Rotations preserve and 	-
(see unit 3). This means that $\overline{AB} \cong$ and because,, and are images of rotation.	
☐ (c) The construction from #1 is redrawn below twice. The first diagasecond is drawn with transversal B B B B B B B B B B B B B C	ram is drawn with transversal $\overrightarrow{AA'}$ and the $A \overrightarrow{A'}$ $A \overrightarrow{B'}$ $A \overrightarrow{B'}$
*In the first diagram show that ∠BAA' ≅ with congrue *In the second diagram show that ∠ABB' ≅ with cong *These pairs of angles are called alternate interior angles bec parallel lines AND they are on the same/opposite (circle of are congruent because maps to und	gruence marks. ause they are inside/outside (circle one) of the one) side of the transversal. These pairs of angles
under rotation and because rotation preserves	e interior angles.
Alternate interior angles arew (e) In the diagram at right, is B' a 180° rotation of B around the cer Is A' a 180° rotation of A around the same center? of rotations to write a convincing argument that alternate interior congruent when lines are <i>not</i> parallel.	nter of the circle? _Use your knowledge or angles are <i>not</i>

4.2		
(3) \Box Construct a translation of \overrightarrow{AB} along vector CD by	F	
translating points A, B, and G.		G
\square (a) $\overrightarrow{AG} \parallel \overrightarrow{A'G'}$ because	B	/C
	A	
\square (b) \angle FBG $\cong \angle$ FB'G' because translations		Ď
(c) Mark the diagram to show that \angle FBG $\cong \angle$ FB'G'.	^{ze} E	
\square (d) \angle FBG and \angle FB'G' are corresponding angles.	_	
List the other three pairs of corresponding angles.		
$\angle FBA \cong \angle ___ \angle ABE \cong \angle ___ \angle G$	$DE = \angle$	
(4) Refer to your work in problem #3 to complete the tasks	below.	
(a) Translating a line results in a line	to the original.	
(b) Translations preserve	and	
(see unit 3). This means that \angle FBG $\cong \angle$		
\angle because the second angle is an		
(c) The construction from #3 is redrawn below four time	es. The diagrams are drawn with transve	rsal
F F	F	
B G B G	B G	F B G
A G' G'	A	AC'
	B'	B'
A KE KE	A A	FE
	/	/
*In each diagram, show a different pair of correspo	nding angles with congruence marks. $ imes$	_ <u>/ ×</u> etc.
*These pairs of angles are called corresponding a	angles because they are in the same relati	ve location. These
pairs of angles are congruent because each	angle maps to the	angle
under translation and translation preserves		
(d) Summarize the relationship between parallel lines a		
Lines are when a	;orresponding angles are	
AND	when lines are	
Corresponding angles are	when illies are	

	_
	helow B
(5) In the diagram at right, $\overline{AG} \parallel \overline{A'G'}$. Provide a reason for each statement	below.
\angle FBA $\cong \angle$ GBB' because	G'
$\angle GBB' \cong \angle BB'A$ because	A'
$\angle BB'A \cong \angle G'B'E$ because	¥⊂ ¥E
Based on the statements above, \angle FBA $\cong \angle$ G'B'E because	
This angle relationship between ∠FBA and ∠G'B'E is called alternate inside/outside (circle one) the parallel lines and they are on the san transversal . There is one other pair of alternate exterior angles.	ne side/opposite side (circle one) of the Find the two angles in the pair and
complete the congruence statement with them: \cong	F
(6) \Box In the diagram at right, $\overrightarrow{AG} \parallel \overleftarrow{A'G'}$. Provide a reason for each statement	below. B G
☐ m∠FBG + m∠GBB' = 180° because	G'
☐ m∠FBG = m∠FB'G' because	B'
m∠FB'G' + m∠GBB' = 180° because	A FE
parallel lines and they are on the same side/opposite side (circle or pair of same side interior angles. Find the two angles in the pair a m + m =	
(7) Summarize all of the angle relationships we have learned so far on the an	gles notes page (the back of this sheet).
(8) \Box In the diagram at right, m $\angle a$ = 125°. Complete each statement below:	a h g f
(a)	to ∠a.
(b) \square m \angle b = 125° because \angle b is	$_$ to $\angle a$ and $\bigcirc c = 0$
	to ∠f.
(c)	
	to ∠f and
	to ∠b.
(d)	
	to ∠c.
(e)	to ∠g.
NOTICE: Reasons can ONLY include relationships to angles that are already kn	own.

4.2 ANGLES NOTES PAGE

Diagram	Name	Description
$a \rightarrow b \rightarrow b$	Equation	
Diagram	Name	Description
	Equation	
Diagram	Name	Description
	Equation	
Diagram	Name	Description
\rightarrow b \rightarrow	Equation	
Diagram	Name	Description
$a \rightarrow b$	Equation	
Diagram	Name	Description
\rightarrow a \rightarrow b \rightarrow b	Equation	
Diagram	Name	Description
a b	Equation	

4.2 Exit Ticket Name Sketch a pair of parallel lines and a transversal. Mark all congruent a		 □ ♥ I got this! ∅ I can with a bit of help ∅ I can with a bit of help ∅ I can't ∅ I can't ∅ I won't bother to ∅ I refuse to ∅
I will have the most difficulty remembering		
I will remember them by		
4.2 Exit Ticket Name Sketch a pair of parallel lines and a transversal. Mark all congruent a		 □ ♥ I got this! ☆ ○ I can with a bit of help ☆ ○ I will, given lots of help % ○ ● I can't , ▲ □ ● I won't bother to ○ ● I refuse to
I will have the most difficulty remembering		_ angles.
I will remember them by		
4.2 Exit Ticket Name Sketch a pair of parallel lines and a transversal. Mark all congruent a		 □ ♥ I got this! ○ I can with a bit of help ○ I can with a bit of help ○ I will, given lots of help ○ I can't ○ I can't ○ I can't ○ I refuse to ○ I refuse to
I will have the most difficulty remembering		_angles.
I will remember them by 4.2 Exit Ticket Name Sketch a pair of parallel lines and a transversal. Mark all congruent a	Per	 I got this! №i I can with a bit of help №i I will, given lots of help №i I will, given lots of help №i I can't ♣i, I won't bother to №i I refuse to ∞i
I will have the most difficulty remembering		_angles.
I will remember them by		